

### GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE (VERSION 02/2024)

### 1 | PURPOSE, SCOPE AND DEFINITIONS

I FUNITYSE, SLUPE AND IDENTIFICIONS

The purpose of this text is to define the conditions under which the services of the French entities of the SEATRICO group (hereafter: the service provided) are provided, in any capacity, whatsoever, whether as agent, fireight forwarder, cansive, customs agent, NVDCC, charteres, shipping agent, air freight growarder, cansive forwarder, cansive forwarder, cansive provider, etc., for goods of all kinds, from all origins, for all destinations. Unless expersally agreed otherwise in untiting, these general terms and conditions shall prevail over any prior terms and conditions and over any terms and conditions to the contrary stipulated by the customer's principal, such as the latter's terms and conditions of unbridse, purchase orders or any prior contract. Any commitment or transaction whatsoever with the service provider implies unreserved acceptance of the quotation provided by the service provider. The terms and conditions are subject to change et any time at the discretion of the service provider, and are available at https://www.serlingo.com/.

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The general terms and conditions applicable are those in force on the date of the order placed by the customerly principal.

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For the purposes of these terms and conditions, the following terms are defined as follows: ex5HPMENTs: group of goods, whether packaged (pallets, containers, etc.) or not, actually made available to the service provider (action available to the same shipment of the the same shipment extra expectable the service provider (action, crate, container, bundle, only pallet strapped or shrink-wapped by the customer, etc.) and packaged by the customer, forcing prior to acceptance even if the contents are detailed in the handower document.

«CMR CONVENTION»: General Convention on the Contract for the International Carriage of Goods by Road (CMB) of May 19, 1956

"SEARRIGO USA": the company established under the law of Delawere SEARRIGO USA INC OTI, Licence Number 003616NF, with registered address at 735 Dowd Avenue – ELIZABETH NJ 07201 - USA.

2.1. For all services
Prices are calculated on the basis of information provided by the customer/principal, taking into account the services to be provided and the nature, weight and volume of the goods to be transported, stored, prepared, packaged or packed.
Quotations depend on currency rates at the time they are given. They are also subject to subcontractors' conditions and rates, as well as to applicable laws, regulations and international conventions.
Should one or more of these parameters influencing the price be modified after the quotation has been issued, including by the service provides's substitutes, in a manner enforceable against the lattet, and upon proof provided by the lattet, the prices given in the quotation will be modified under the same conditions; the same will apply in the vent of any unforcesen event leading in particular to modification of the planned transport routes.
Price of not include dufles, taskes, fees and levies due in application of any fiscal or customs regulations (such as import dutles, stamps, etc.).
2. For lifting and handling resportes.

2.2. For lifting and handling services

No postponement, modification or cancellation of an order can be made without the written acceptance

No postponement, modification or cancellation of an order can be made without the written acceptance of the service postponement or cancellation of an order by the customer/principal, all costs already incurred will be invoiced to the ustomer/principal by the service provider. In the event of cancellation of an order by the customer/principal, all ump-sum indemnity of at least half the price of the service will be payable to the service provider. In the event of proven prejudice resulting from a delay in the completion of the order attributable exclusively to the service provide, the client may apply liquidated penalties equal to 0.1% of the order price excluding VAT per calendar day of delay, capped at 3% of the order amount excluding VAT.

### 3 | INSURANCE

INSURANCE

No insurance for the goods is taken out by the service provider without a written and repeated order from the client for each shipment or operation, specifying the risks to be covered (ordinary and/or special) and the values to be guaranteed. In the case of an ongoing relationship, upon prior written instruction from the client, each shipment is deemed to be subject to the initial instructions.

In the absence of precise specification of the risks to be covered, only ordinary risks (excluding was and strike risks) will be insured. In the absence of precise specification of the values to be covered, which were provider will have the option of assessing the value to be covered on a discretionary, lump-sum basis, ordending on the goods entitused to him. This value will then constitute the maximum compensation ceiling for the customer, after deduction of any deductible and under the conditions of the insurance policy taken out, within will be deemed to be known and approved by the customer. If such an order is given, the service provider acting on behalf of the customer principal takes out insurance with an insurance company that is known to be solvent at the timeroverage.

Acting as an agent, the service provider can under no circumstances be considered as an insurer. The terms and conditions of the policy are deemed to be known and accepted by the principals, shippers and consignees, who bear the cost. A certificate of insurance will be sused.

The customer/principal who covers transport and other risks himself must specify to his insures that they may only claim recourse against the service provider under the conditions and within the limits specified in these general terms and conditions of sale.

## 4 | PERFORMANCE

4.1. For all services Intermediaries and subcontractors chosen by the service provider are deemed to have been approved by the customer/principal. Transport departure and arrival dates provided by the service provider are purely indicative. The customer/principal is obliged to give the service provider the necessary and precise instructions in good time for the execution of the transport services and anollary or other services. The service provider is not obliged to check the documents (commercial invoice, packing note, etc.) supplied by the customer/principal.

principal. T Any instructions restricting delivery (cash on delivery, etc.) must be the subject of a written order recorded on a receipt and repeated for each shipment, and must be expressly accepted by the service provider. In any case, such an order is only an accessory to the main transport service.

# 4.2. For lifting and handling services

4.2. For Uniting and hanouing services
4.2.1. Subcontracting
If the service provider carries out the work as a subcontractor of the client, the latter is obliged to have
the service provider accepted and his terms of payment approved by the client (article 3 of law no.
75-1334 of December 31, 1975).
The service provider is authorized to subcontract the operation to a third-party service provider, which
the client expressly accepts.
In cases where the service provider is not entitled to direct payment by the project owner (article 6 of law
no. 75-1334 of December 31, 1975), the client must provide the service provider with a personal joint
and several bank guarantee for the amount of the work, or a delegation of payment from the project
owner (article 14 of law no. 75-1334 of December 31, 1975).

# 4.2.2. Service resources

The service provider supplies the personnel and equipment required for the lifting and handling operation. The service provider can provide two types of service:

- Complete control of the operation, i.e. design (Studies) and implementation.

- Lifting and handling services only, in which case the client is entirely responsible for the design.

# 5 | CUSTOMER'S OBLIGATION

5.1. For all services
5.1.1 Wrapping, marking and packaging
The goods must be delivered conditioned, packaged, marked and labeled in such a way that they can withstand the operations to be carried out under normal conditions, and if necessary be delivered to the recipient in accordance with the instructions given to the service provider.
The service provider cannot be held label for any consequences resulting from the absence, inadequacy or delect of packaging, wrapping, marking and/or labelling, or from a lack of protection of the goods entrusted to him, in particular due to humidify, condensation, atmospheric revents, falling dust or foreign bodies, or a lack of sufficient information on the nature and particularities of the goods.

5.1.2. Loading and stowage are the responsibility of the shipperfloader/customer, or are carried out on his behalf, the service provider will have no obligation to check them, other than with regard to road safety where applicable, and cannot be held liable for any damage caused to the goods as a result of these operations not being carried out correct.

## 5.1. 3. Reservations in the event of loss, damage and delay

5.1.3. Resenations in the event of loss, damage and delay in the event of loss, damage any other damage suffect by the goods entituated to the service provider, or in the event of sedange or just of example of the event of delay, the service provider may only be held lable for damage or loss which has been the subject of precise and reasonal written reservations made with the service provider has been the subject of precise and reasonal written reservations made with the service provider and his substitutes, on the delivery or service note, confirmed by registered letter with advanweldagement of receipt within seventy-two (72) house of the damage Failing flist, the service provider and his substitutes will be presumed to have delivered the goods in a compliant manner. It is the responsibility of the consignee or receiver to make regular and sufficient reservations, to confirm the said reservations in the legal or contractual form and timeframe, and in general to carry out all acts necessary for the prevention of recovers in the legal or contractual form and timeframe, falling which no recourse may be exercised against the service provider or its substitutes.

no recourse may be exercised against the service provider or its substitutes.

5.1.4. Reporting obligations
The customeriprincipal undertakes to provide the service provide; spontaneously and prior to any service, with all regulatory information relating to the products entrusted to the service provide; enabling them to be fully identified. The customeriprincipal alone will be ser the consequences, whatever they may be resulting from enroneous, incomplete, inapplicable or late declarations or documents, including the information necessary for the transmission of any summary declaration required by any regulations, including customs regulations, with the service provider crossides that the information provided is insufficient, the automerical management of the service provider considers that the information provided is insufficient, the automerical undertakes to provide the service provider considers that the information provided is insufficient, the automerical undertakes to provide the service provider considers that the information provided is insufficient, the automerical undertakes to provide the service provider, on first request, with any additional documented information.

5.1.5. Recipient's refusal or default in the event of refusal of the goods by the consignee, or in the event of default by the consignee for any reason whatsoever, all initial and additional costs, and in particular the costs of detention, parking, connection and demurrage incurred by the service provider or its substitutes, will remain payable by

### 5.1.6. Customs formalities

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fi customs operations are to be carried out, the service provider will only be obliged to pay
the duties and taxes relating to the operation if the corresponding amount has actually been
paid to him in advance by the custometripricipal. If by way of exception, the service provider
has expressly agreed to carry out customs operations without prior advance payments in the
may suspend or carried the advance payments in the event of delay in any of the requested
payments and/or in the event of proven financial difficulties on the part of the custometry/principal
incommendation of the event of provider against all financial
consequences arising from erroneous instructions, inapplicable documents, etc.
the service provider, acting as an authorized customs agent, dears goods exclusively by direct
representation, in accordance with Article 18 of the European Union Customs Code, with only the
principal being liable for customs and tax debus.

principal being liable for customs and tax debts.

5.2. For lifting and handling services
Without prejudice to the foregoing, the customer/principal undertakes to provide the service provider with the following information in writing prior to any service:
Definition of the operation to be carried out,
- The nature, weight, dimensions and position of the center of gravity of the object to be lifted or handled,
- Location and use of androx points:
- Means of access to the site or premises where the operation is to be carried out.
- The nature weight, dimensions and position of the center of gravity of the object to be lifted or handled,
- Location and use of androx points:
- Means of access to the site or premises where the operation is to be carried out.
- The client undertakes to inform the service provider of site constraints (selegy, access, traffic, parking,
obstades, operation, ect.), to take the necessary measures to ensure that the operation is carried out in
complete safety in the work area (consignment or disconnection of power lines, signosting of pipes, etc.)
and, more generally, to point out all elements that could present a risk.
- The client must carry out a preliminary inspection of the soal and subsoil (pressure, condition, resistance,
composition, ect.), for which he remains solely exponsible.

The client must inform the service provider in writing of the hazardous nature and specific features of the
object being handled, falling which he alone will be liable to both the service provider and third parties.

The client will take all appropriate measures to ensure compliance with environmental regulations

No compensation for late delivery is due unless a binding date has been expressly requested on the receipt by the customer and accepted in writing by the service provider. In this case, compensation may only be paid if the carrier has been given formal notice to deliver on behalf of the customer/principal by registered letter with acknowledgment of receipt after expiry of the agreed deadline. Compensation is limited to the cost of transporting the goods or services covered by the contract, and in any event may not exceed a maximum of 8,000 euros. Without prejudice to any legal provisions to the contrary, in the case of international transport, no compensation will be due for delay.

### 7 | LIABILITY AND INDEMNITY

7.1. Substitute liability

Where liability is recognized, it is limited to that incurred by the substitutes in the context of the opera entrusted to it.

When the indemnity limits for intermediaries or substitutes are not known or do not result from mandatory or legal provisions, they are deemed to be identical to those set out in article 7-2 below

mandatory or legal provisions, they are deemed to be identical to those set out in article 7-2 below.

7.2. Provider's personal liability
7.2. Transport commission/WVOC
In the event that the service provider is held liable as freight forwarder, for whatever reason and in whatever capacity, list liability is strictly limited, for damage to goods resulting from loss or damage, and for any consequences arising therefrom, to 20 euros per kilogram of lost or damaged goods, without exceeding a sum greater than the product of the gross weight of the shipment expressed in tons multiplied by 5,000 euros per event. For shipments sert in bulk, compensation cannot exceed 0.76 euros per kilogram of 160,000 euros per event. For shipments sert in bulk, compensation cannot exceed 0.76 euros per kilogram of 160,000 euros per event. For shipments sert in bulk, compensation cannot exceed 0.76 euros per kilogram of 160 tor dramaged goods, up to a maximum of 8,000 euros per shipment. Notwithstanding the present terms and conditions, when the service provider acts as agent of the NVOCC SAPARGO USA INC (intermedially sissing its own internal bills of diading (HBL) for the carriage of goods by sea, including within the framework of a multimodal transport contract, the general conditions stipulated in the HBL will be applicable to said services and will prevail in the event of any discrepancy with the present GCS. These terms and conditions are available on the SAPARGO website at https://www.seafigo.com/en/seafigo-voor/divide/sual. Under no circumstances may the service provider be qualified as a sea carrier or assume the responsibility of a substitute sea carrier.

7.2.2. Domestic road transport in France
The carrier's liability is determined by article 1 33-1 of the French Commercial Code.
In particula, the carrier is not liabile for loss or damage due to a defect in the goods themselves, an act of
God or force majeure or a fault on the part of the shipper.
Liability for loss or damage will be limited in accordance with the statutory limitations set out in the legal
standard contract ("contrat-type") applicable to the shipment in question.

7.2.3. International road haulage
The carries' liability is determined by Article 17 of the CMR Convention.

The particle is the carrier is not liabile for loss or damage due to one of the general grounds for exoneration provided for in article 1752 of the CMR Convention, or to one of the special risks provided for in article 1754 of this text.

The general grounds for exoneration provided for in article 1752 of ont constitute force majeure, and

17.94 of this text. The general grounds for exoneration provided for in article 17.92 do not constitute force majeure, and proof of their unforeseeable nature need not be provided by the carrier. Liability for loss or damage will be limited in accordance with the limitations set out in Article 23 of the CMR Convention.

7.2.4. For all transports

The carrier is also not liable for any loss or damage to goods delivered without any external trace of damage or shortage, nor for any difference in weight with that indicated to him by the principal, if the weighing has not been requested in writing by the shipper when the goods are taken over by the carrier. The acceptance of goods without reservation does not pole rise to lability on the part of the carrier notably if he can prove fault on the part of the shipper or an inherent defect in the goods transported. The carrier cannot held failable for loss or damage to goods on delivery lift has taken drange of a closed container sealed by the shipper, if the container was delivered with its seal intact.

container sealed by the shipper, if the container was delivered with its seal imact.

7.2.5. Lifting and handling

The liability of the lifting and handling service provider is governed by articles 1710 and 1779 et seq, of the French Civil Code.

The service provider may only be held liable insofar as the operations were either entirely designed by him, carried out under his direction using only the equipment of his choice, including slings and ropes, or carried out under his sole responsibility.

The service provider cannot be held responsible for damage resulting from an error or design defect in the subject handled, from a deliver, enor, consiston or antipularly in the documents sent to the service provider, or from the unsuitability of the equipment used on the instructions of the client.

The service provider is not liable for any increase in damage resulting from rescue or recovery operations. The client acknowledges that the service provider may interrupt the service for climatic reasons duly recognized by an official or professional body, and that the service provider cannot be held liable in this respect.

tros respect.

The provision of a temporary storage area on the service provider's premises for objects handled shall not be construed as a contract of deposit. Consequently, such storage shall be at the risk and peril of the client, and the service provider shall not be held liable in any way whatsoever unless otherwise agreed in writing.

agree in writing. In the event that the service provider's liability is incurred, for any reason and on any grounds whatsoever, It is strictly limited to the sum of €150,000 for damage to goods resulting from loss or damage, and for any consequences that may arise therefrom.

any consequences that may arise therefrom.

7.2.6. Storage
The storage provider's liability is governed by articles 1927 to 1932 of the French Civil Code.
In the event that the service provider's liability is incurred, for whatever reason and in whatever apacity, it is strictly limited, for all damage to goods attributable to any operation as a result of loss or damage and for any consequences that may result therefrom, to £20 per kilogram of goss weight of missing or damaged goods without being alle to exceed, whatever the weight, volume, dimensions, nature outleast of the product of the gross weight of the goods expressed in tonnes multiplied by 5.000 with a maximum of £60,000 per event.
The customeriprincipal adronovledges that the service provider is neither the consignor nor the consignor of the goods entrusted to him for storage, and that he acts as a simple varieflouse keeper acting exclusively in the name and on behalf of the customeriprincipal, in this respect, the customeriprincipal undertakes to immediately take charge of and pay to the beneficiary any sum that may be claimed from the service provider in application of article L. 132-8 of the French Commercial Code, at the service provider first request.

7.2.7. Container depot
The service provider's liability in connection with container storage is governed by articles 1927 to 1932

of the French Civil Code.

Should the service provider's liability be incurred, for whatever reason and on whatever basis, it is strictly limited to the sum of 2.400 per container, and for all damage to goods attributable to any operation as a result of loss or damage, and for all consequences that may result therefrom, to EQD per klogram of gross weight of missing or damaged goods, without being able to exceed, whatever the weight, volume, dimensions, nature or value of the goods concerned, a sum greater than the product of the gross. weight of the goods expressed in tonnes multiplied by €5,000, with a maximum of €60,000 per event.

7.2.8. Customs operations
The service provider's liability for any customs or indirect tax operation carried out by itself subcontractors may not exceed 63,000 per customs declaration, up to a maximum of 630,000 per of adjustment and, in any event, 660,000 per adjustment notification.

7.2.9. Port handling
The port handling service provider's liability is governed by articles L. 5422-19 et seq. of the French
Transport Code.
Port handling operations include - but are not limited to - the following, both on a principal and an
ancillary basis

Loading, unloading, putting on board, disembarking from - or to - any means of transport, whether sea, river, rail or land;

Transshipment of goods from - and/or to - any means of transport;

Inarisingment of goods from - and/or to - any means of transport.
 Suffling and unstifling - particularly of ontainiers, trailers, packages, pallets - and more generally any operation relating to the packaging of goods, their conditioning and/or preparation for transport or movement by any means, their storage or warehousing.
 Grabbing, hosting, wedging, stowing and any similar operation carried out directly or indirectly by the service provider with a view to placing goods on any support and/or no board any means of transport and/or in a warehous and/or for horacading;
 The movement of any goods, whether supported or not, within the port area, in particular to or from any means of transport.

warehousing or storage area, or to or from any means of transport;

- Parking of goods before or after their loading, unloading, embarkation or disembarkation from any means of transport; placing on open ground, in sheds, in warehouses and, more generally, any goods storage operation in the port area

Guarding and surveillance of goods
- Receiving and checking-in goods;
- Container connection and temperature monitoring;

Any lifting operation Any operation relating to the supply of docker labor;

- Any operation relating to the supply of docker labor; - All vehice and/or handing equipment rental operations, with or without driver. For activities not governed by articles 7.2.1 to 7.2.8 above, and except in the event of a declaration of value made in advance in writing to the service provider and accepted by it, the service provider's liability is in all circumstances limited to 66.66 of SDR per package or 2 SDR per kilo of gross weight of lots or damaged goods, without being able to exceed the sum of 60,000 6 per event, except in the case of contractual provisions limiting the indemnity to a lower amount. Without prejudice to any other grounds for exoneration of liability which may be contractually provided for, the service provides shall not incur any lability whatsoever when the loss or damage arises from : an event for which it is not responsible, including any case of force majeure.

- of a fire, - strike, lockout or work stoppage, for any reason whatsoever, in whole or in part,

an inherent defect in the goods, faulty packaging, wrapping, marking of the goods, and more generally any fault on the part of the

of a fault on the part of one of its co-contractors.

### 7.2.10. For all other services:

ce provider is liable only for proven faults.

The source provides is advect only for provine insert of the provider and the client, for all damages resulting from a failure to perform services other than those listed in article 7.2, the compensation due by the service provider, in the event that its personal liability is intorned, is strictly limited to the price of the service that caused the damage, up to a maximum of 60,000 euros per event.

7.3. Compensable loss Even in the event of inexcusable fault, the service provider will only be liable for compensation for direct material damage caused to the goods that he was able to foresee when the contract was formed,

material damage caused to the goods that he was able to toresee when the contract was formed, expressly excluding any immaterial damage, operating losses or any other damage whatsoever. The service provider cannot be held liable for any delay in delivery, unless it has been notified of a special interest in delivery and has validly accepted it. In any event, compensation will not exceed the price of the service, and the service provider cannot be held liable for any intangible damage caused. In any event, the aforementioned limits of liability apply to both direct and indirect, foreseeable or conferences and exceeds.

unforeseeable damage. All quotations, specific offers and general rates are drawn up and/or published taking into account the above limitations of liability

## 7.4. Declaration of value or insurance order

Where the value of the goods covered by the contract exceeds the above liability limits, the customer

may : - in the event of loss or damage, bear the difference between the service provider's liability ceilings and

the value of the goods, or subscribe to a declaration of value which, if fixed by the customer and accepted by the service or substructions to the service provider, will raise the limitations of liability for loss or damage to the amount of the aforementioned declaration of value and will result in the collection of a price supplement.

or give instructions to the service provider, in accordance with article 3, to take out insurance on its

behalf, specifying the risks and values to be insured; these instructions must be renewed for each

### 7.5. Cyber risk exclusion clause

These general terms and conditions exclude any loss, damage, liability, costs or expenses of any nature whatsoever resulting, directly or indirectly, from a oyber attack or attempted cyber attack against the service provider or its substitutes, whatever the source, and in particular lift has prevents if from performing its services. In particular, despite all precautions that may be taken by the service provider, the client smissions of information and data may carry viruses or intrusions, and that in this respect, the service provider may not be held liable in the event of prejudice

For special transports (temperature-controlled, dangerous goods, etc.), the freight forwarder or carrier can provide the shipper with suitable equipment, under conditions defined in advance by the customer/customer, who is responsible for choosing this equipment.

## 9 | TERMS OF PAYMENT

I TERMS OF PAYMENT

Unless otherwise expressly agreed in writing by the parties, services are payable IN CASH ON RECEIPT
OF THE INVOICE WITHOUT DEPOSIT, at the place of issue. Unilateral offsetting of the amount of alleged
damages against the price of services due is prohibiled.
Where, exceptionally, payment terms have been granted, these may in no case exceed thirty days from
the date of issue of the imotice. Any partial payment will be charged first to the non-preferential part of
the receivables. Where by way of exception, staggered payment terms have been agreed, non-payment
of a single instalment shall automatically entail forfeiture of the term, and the balance shall become
immediately due and payable without the need for any deed or formal notice.
Failure to pay an invoice by the due date shall render all other outstanding debts owed by the contractor
to the customer immediately due and payable. Furthermore, the service provider reserves the right to
suspend any new service until full payment has been received be date shown on the invoice. These
Penalties are appliced in the event of payment has been received.
Penalties are applicable to the interest are tapplied by the truopean Central Bank (CEI) to its monte treent
refinancing operation, plus ten percentage points.
In accordance with articles L 441-10 of the French Commercial Code, any delay in payment automatically entails, in addition to late payment penalties, an
obligation for the deliver to pay a fine indemnity of 460 for collection costs.
An additional indemnity may be claimed, with supporting evidence, when the collection costs incurred
exceed the amount of the fixed indemnity.

## 10 LUEN AND RIGHT OF RETENTION

Regardles of the capacity in which the service provider acts, the Customer/Principal expressly grants the service provider and all companies of the SEARRIGO Group a contractual right of lien with a general and permanent right of retention and preference on all goods, securities and documents in the possession of the service provider and/or any entity of the SEARRIGO Group, as security for all claims, due not due (invoices; interest, costs incurred, etc.), which the service provider and/or any entity of the SEARRIGO Group holds against it, even prior to or unrelated to the said goods, securities and documents.), which the service provider and/or any entity of the SEARRIGO Group holds against it, even prior to or unrelated to the operations carried out with respect to the said goods, securities and documents.

# 11 | FORECLOSURE AND STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS

11.1 Foreclosure

Any reservations concerning damage, loss or any other shortcoming must be sent within 3 days of the end of the service provided by the service provider. If no reservation is made within this period, the goods will be presumed to have been delivered in good condition.

Without prejudice to article L. 133-3 of the French Commercial Code, in any reservation. Without prejudice to article L. 133-3 of the French Commercial Code, in any event, any reservation against the service provider must be made within one month of the end of the service provided by the latter, on pain of foreclosure.

In the event that damage, loss or any other shortcoming is discovered after the expiry of this one-month period, the daim must be sent to the service provider within two weeks of the discovery of the damage, loss or other shortcoming, falling which the claim will be barred.

To be valid, complaints against the service provider must be nordfield to the latter by any means (mail, fax, e-mail, etc.), and must be immediately confirmed by registered letter with acknowledgement of receipt.

11.2 Prescription

Without prejudice to article L 5422-25 of the French Transport Code, all actions to which the contract concluded between the parties may give rise are time-barred within one year of the performance of the diopted service, and in the case of duties and taxes recovered a posteriori, from the date of notification of the adjustment.

### 12 | APPLICABLE LAW AND JURISDICTION CLAUSE

These terms and conditions are governed by French law. In the event of litigation or dispute, the Commercial Court of Le Havre shall have sole jurisdiction, even in the event of multiple defendants or third-party claims.